

Reproducing this material or any part thereof should refer to the IMF Statistics Department as the source

#6065020

Medium-Term Steady-State STA CD Architecture





Overview of the D4D Fund

- <u>Objective</u>: Putting more and better data in the hands of decision makers to enhance evidenced-based macroeconomic policies
- Focus: Based on a needs assessment that took into account
 - demand from countries
 - identified data gaps and data quality concerns
 - complementarity of CD provided out of RTACs
 - > need for flexibility to react to a country's capacity and readiness to accept CD
- <u>Beneficiary countries</u>: Low-income and lower middle-income countries worldwide
- <u>Target period</u>: IMF's FY2019-23



Overview of D4D Modules

	Modules		
	M1	FAS	Sustain and expand the Financial Access Survey
	M2	Addressing Data Needs and Quality Concerns	 Submodule Real Sector Statistics (RSS) Submodule External Sector Statistics (ESS) Submodule Government Finance Statistics (GFS)
	М3	Online Learning	Develop and launch 8 fundamental statistics courses (English and possibly Spanish and French)
	M4	IT Supporting Statistics	Provide advice on IT data systems and software



Module M1: FAS



- Sustain the FAS as the authoritative source of supply-side data to measure financial inclusion.
- Four-fold objectives: (i) Ensure continued production of the FAS; (ii) provide policymakers and analysts with high-quality statistics on ongoing developments in the financial sector; (iii) provide monitoring basis for SDG financial inclusion indicator; and (iv) contribute to the research and policy agenda on financial inclusion, poverty reduction and gender equality.



Module M2: Addressing Data Gaps and Data Quality Concerns



- Three submodules to provide coverage of topical gaps identified based on needs assessment with countries.
- Five-fold objectives: (i) Provide policymakers with more and better data; (ii) bring more data into the public domain, thereby enhancing transparency and accountability; (iii) focus on improving source data and promoting higher-frequency data; and (iv) help countries detect economic risks and vulnerabilities; and (v) complement the provision of CD on "bread-and-butter" statistics, including in particular those provided through RTACs.

RSS Submodule:

- Develop high-frequency indicators of economic activity;
- Develop source data for core national accounts and price statistics, including by fostering interagency cooperation;
- Develop Real Property Price Indexes.

ESS Submodule:

- Enhance trade statistics to address impact of trade liberalization and globalization;
- Deepen financial account statistics to support spillover analysis;
- Provide BOP and IIP statistics support in the Middle East region.

GFS Submodule:

- Develop high-frequency GFS and debt data;
- Offer risk-based support to help solve policy-relevant fiscal problems;
- Enhance institutional coverage, classification, and consistency of GFS;
- Expand scope of flows and stock positions.

Module M3: Online Learning



- Develop a new structured online learning curriculum to enhance reach of statistics training.
- Implement training courses as they become available.
- Design courses such that they become entry requirements for face-to-face advanced/specialized courses.



Module M3: Online Learning

STA Training, Actual and Projected Number of Participants, FY2012 – 2023





Module M4: IT Supporting Statistics

- Develop statistical advice to help statistical offices, central banks, and ministries to streamline, standardize, and automate their IT data systems.
- Enhance countries' ability to compile macroeconomic and financial statistics.





Reproducing this material or any part thereof should refer to the IMF Statistics Department as the source

#6065020